

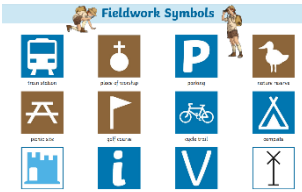
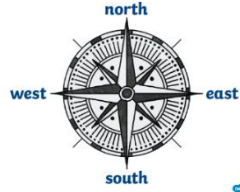
Year 2: Summer Term-Here We Are! Our Local Area.



Knowledge Organiser:

Must Haves: To use a range of geographical and map skills to study the key human and physical features of our local area.

- To remember from Year 1 where the United Kingdom (UK) is on a map and that it is made up of four countries: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- To recall that the capital city of England is London, Wales is Cardiff, Scotland is Edinburgh and Northern Ireland is Belfast.
- To draw a simple map of Newbury adding a key and symbols

Key Vocabulary		Locational /Place knowledge: Newbury	Map Work
UK	United Kingdom— consists of 4 countries. They are England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales.	<p>We are geographers:</p>   	<p>Maps</p> <p>A map is a drawing of an actual place that uses lines and symbols to represent real life objects. People have used maps for hundreds of years to help them travel from place to place.</p>
London	London— the capital city of England		<p>There are many different types of maps such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sketch maps Road maps Ordnance survey maps Climate maps 
Edinburgh	The capital city of Scotland.		<p>Key Features of a map include: a title, a compass rose, symbols, a key and different colour for important things, such as green for forests and blue for rivers.</p> 
Cardiff	The capital city of Wales.		
Belfast	The capital city of Northern Ireland.		
rural	Rural places are where there are fewer people. Think of wide-open spaces, farms, and small towns. In rural areas, you'll find farms, trees, and small towns. It's peaceful and not too crowded.	<p>Where is Newbury? What human and physical features can you see?</p>	<p>Directional Language: Follow compass points. People use a compass to help them position and use a map accurately. The main points of a compass are north, south, east and west.</p> 
urban	Urban places are where there are lots of people, tall buildings, and many different cultures.		
city	A large town where the government sits.		

Key Vocabulary		Geographical Skills and Fieldwork	
Town	A town is a place where people live that is larger than a village.	<p>Place Knowledge and Geographical:</p> <p>To know compass directions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To know how to use world maps, atlases, globes and aerial photographs to identify human and physical features • To know how to construct a basic key using symbols • To know how to carry out simple fieldwork using the surrounding locality looking at local features 	
Village	A village is a small settlement usually found in a rural setting.		
Aerial view	A view from above.		
Human features	 <p>Things that are made or built by humans.</p>	<p>Geographical Activities:</p> 	<p>Making local area maps</p> 
Physical features	<p>Physical features are things you can see that are natural like seas, mountains and rivers are natural.</p> 		
Compass	<p>A compass is a tool for finding direction.</p>  <p>North/South/East/West</p>		<p>Field Work: Traffic survey</p> 
Map	A drawing showing a place		
Symbol	<p>Symbols are used to show features on a map such as buildings, campgrounds, ponds, parking, toilets etc.</p> 		
Key	A map key is a box of information found on a map. It explains what the different lines and symbols on the map mean.	<p>Looking at maps and identifying symbols and using a key.</p>	