



Year 3 – Programming B – Events and actions in programs

Lesson	Brief overview	Learning objectives
1 Moving a sprite	In this lesson, learners will investigate how characters can be moved using 'events'. They will analyse and improve an existing project, and then apply what they have learned to their own projects. They will then extend their learning to control multiple sprites in the same project.	<p>To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can explain the relationship between an event and an action • I can choose which keys to use for actions and explain my choices • I can identify a way to improve a program
2 Maze movement	In this lesson, learners will program a sprite to move in four directions: up, down, left, and right. They will begin by choosing a sprite and sizing it to fit in with a given background. Learners will then create the code to move the sprite in one direction before duplicating and modifying it to move in all four directions. Finally, they will consider how their project could be extended to prove that their sprite has successfully navigated a maze.	<p>To create a program to move a sprite in four directions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can choose a character for my project • I can choose a suitable size for a character in a maze • I can program movement
3 Drawing lines	This lesson will introduce learners to extension blocks in Scratch using the Pen extension. Learners will use the pen down block to draw lines, building	<p>To adapt a program to a new context</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can use a programming extension

	on the movement they created for their sprite in Lesson 2. Learners will then decide how to set up their project every time it is run.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can consider the real world when making design choices • I can choose blocks to set up my program
4 Adding features	In this lesson, learners will be given the opportunity to use additional Pen blocks. They will predict the functions of new blocks and experiment with them, before designing features to add to their own projects. Finally, they will add these features to their projects and test their effectiveness.	<p>To develop my program by adding features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify additional features (from a given set of blocks) • I can choose suitable keys to turn on additional features • I can build more sequences of commands to make my design work
5 Debugging movement	This lesson explores the process of debugging, specifically looking at how to identify and fix errors in a program. Learners will review an existing project against a given design and identify bugs within it. They will then correct the errors, gaining independence as they do so. Learners will also develop their projects by considering which new setup blocks to use.	<p>To identify and fix bugs in a program</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can test a program against a given design • I can match a piece of code to an outcome • I can modify a program using a design
6 Making a project	In this lesson, learners will design and create their own projects. Using a template (which can be blank or partially completed), learners will complete projects to move a sprite around a maze, with the option to leave a pen trail showing where the sprite has moved. Ideally, projects will include setup blocks to position the sprite at the start of the maze and clear any lines already on the screen.	<p>To design and create a maze-based challenge</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can make design choices and justify them • I can implement my design • I can evaluate my project